

Duratron® DFU7000 PI

Polyimide

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Duratron® DFU7000 PI Polyimide shapes possess superior electrical and thermal insulation properties, and outstanding mechanical performance qualities for applications that demand higher temperature resistance. In addition to these characteristics, Duratron® DFU7000 PI offers great chemical resistance, high strength and toughness, and outstanding dimensional stability. For these reasons, Duratron® DFU7000 PI is often seen as an ideal solution for designs that reduce weight, extend length of service before maintenance or replacement, and reduce overall costs by increasing process uptime. In comparison to Duratron® DF7000 PI it has an improved thermal oxidative stability and a better dimensional stability.

PRODUCT DATA SHEET

	ISO*			ASTM*			
	Test methods	Units	Indicative Values	Test methods	Units	Indicative Values	
Thermal Properties (1)	Melting temperature (DSC, 10°C (50°F) / min)	ISO 11357-1/-3	°C	-	ASTM D3418	°F	-
	Glass transition temperature (DMA, tan delta)	DMA	°C	290	DMA	°F	-
	Thermal conductivity at 23°C (73°F)	-	W/(K.m)		-	BTU in./hr.ft².°F	
	Coefficient of linear thermal expansion (-40 to 150 °C) (-40 to 300°F)	-			ASTM E-831 (TMA)	µin./in./°F	
	Coefficient of linear thermal expansion (23 to 100°C) (73°F to 210°F)	-	µm/(m.K)	39			
	Coefficient of linear thermal expansion (23 to 150°C) (73°F to 300°F)	-	µm/(m.K)	41			
	Coefficient of linear thermal expansion (>150°C) (> 300°F) -	-	µm/(m.K)	54			
	Heat Deflection Temperature: method A: 1.8 MPa (264 PSI)	ISO 75-1/-2	°C	-	ASTM D648	°F	-
	Continuous allowable service temperature in air (20,000 hrs) (3)	-	°C	260	-	°F	-
	Min. service temperature (4)	-	°C	-	-	°F	-
	Flammability: UL 94 (3 mm (1/8 in.)) (5)	-	-	V-0	-	-	-
Flammability: Oxygen Index	ISO 4589-1/-2	%					
Mechanical Properties (6)	Tensile strength	ISO 527-1/-2 (7)	MPa	92	ASTM D638 (8)	PSI	-
	Tensile strain (elongation) at yield	ISO 527-1/-2 (7)	%	-	ASTM D638 (8)	%	-
	Tensile strain (elongation) at break	ISO 527-1/-2 (7)	%	3.5	ASTM D638 (8)	%	-
	Tensile modulus of elasticity	ISO 527-1/-2 (9)	MPa	3,800	ASTM D638 (8)	KSI	-
	Shear Strength	ASTM D732	MPa	-	ASTM D732	PSI	-
	Compressive stress at 1 / 2 / 5 % nominal strain	ISO 604 (10)	MPa	28 / 52 / 95			
	Compressive strength				ASTM D695 (11)	PSI	-
	Charpy impact strength - unnotched	ISO 179-1/1eU	kJ/m²	28			
	Charpy impact strength - notched	ISO 179-1/1eA	kJ/m²	2.7			
	Izod Impact notched				ASTM D256	ft.lb./in	
	Flexural strength	ISO 178 (12)	MPa	157	ASTM D790 (13)	PSI	-
	Flexural modulus of elasticity	ISO 178 (12)	MPa	4,300	ASTM D790	KSI	-
	Rockwell M hardness (14)	ISO 2039-2	-	102	ASTM D785	-	-
Rockwell R Hardness (14)	ISO 2039-2	-		ASTM D2240	-	-	
Electrical Properties	Electric strength	IEC 60243-1 (15)	kV/mm	-	ASTM D149	Volts/mil	-
	Volume resistivity	IEC 62631-3-1	Ohm.cm		IEC 60093	Ohm.cm	
	Surface resistivity	ANSI/ESD STM 11.11	Ohm/sq.	10E11 - 10E13	ANSI/ESD STM 11.11	Ohm/sq.	
	Dielectric constant at 1 MHz	IEC 62631-2-1	-	-	ASTM D150	-	-
	Dissipation factor at 1 MHz	IEC 62631-2-1	-	-	ASTM D150	-	-
Miscellaneous	Colour	-	-	Brown	-	-	Brown
	Density	ISO 1183-1	g/cm³	1.35			
	Specific Gravity				ASTM D792	-	-
	Water absorption after 24h immersion in water of 23°C (73°F)	ISO 62 (16)	%	1.24	ASTM D570 (17)	%	0.97
	Water absorption at saturation in water of 23 °C (73°F)	-	%	2.2	ASTM D570 (17)	%	
	Wear rate	ISO 7148-2 (18)	µm/km	13.00	QTM 55010 (19)	in³.min/ft.lbs.hr.x10 ⁻¹⁰	-
	Dynamic Coefficient of Friction (-)	ISO 7148-2 (18)	-	0.20-0.33	QTM 55007 (20)	-	-
	Limiting PV at 100 FPM				QTM 55007 (21)	ft.lbs/in².min	-
	Limiting PV at 0.1 / 1 m/s cylindrical sleeve bearings	-	Mpa.m/s	- / -			
	Chemical Resistance	https://www.mcam.com/en/support/chemical-resistance-information/			https://www.mcam.com/en/support/chemical-resistance-information/		

Note: 1 g/cm³ = 1,000 kg/m³; 1 MPa = 1 N/mm²; 1 kV/mm = 1 MV/m

NYP: there is no yield point

This table, mainly to be used for comparison purposes, is a valuable help in the choice of a material. The data listed here fall within the normal range of product properties of dry material. However, they are not guaranteed and they should not be used to establish material specification limits nor used alone as the basis of design. See the remaining notes on the next page.

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NOTES, SEE DATASHEET ON PAGE 1

- 1 The figures given for these properties are for the most part derived from raw material supplier data and other publications.
- 2 Values for this property are only given here for amorphous materials and for materials that do not show a melting temperature (PBI, PAI & PI). DMA settings, oscillation amplitude of 0.20 mm; a frequency of 1 Hz ; heating rate of 2°C/min
Temperature resistance over a period of min. 20,000 hours. After this period of time, there is a decrease in tensile strength – measured at 23 °C – of about 50 % as compared with the original value. The temperature value given here is thus based on the thermal-oxidative degradation which takes place and causes a reduction in properties. Note, however, that the maximum allowable service temperature depends in many cases essentially on the duration and the magnitude of the mechanical stresses to which the material is subjected.
- 3 Impact strength decreasing with decreasing temperature, the minimum allowable service temperature is practically mainly determined by the extent to which the material is subjected to impact. The value given here is based on unfavourable impact conditions and may consequently not be considered as being the absolute practical limit.
- 4 These estimated ratings, derived from raw material supplier data and other publications, are not intended to reflect hazards presented by the material under actual fire conditions. There is no 'UL File Number' available for these stock shapes.
- 5 Most of the figures given for the mechanical properties are average values of tests run on dry test specimens machined out of rods 40-60 mm when available, else out of plate 10-20mm. All tests are done at room temperature (23° / 73°F)
- 6 Test speed: either 5 mm/min or 50 mm/min [chosen acc. to ISO 10350-1 as a function of the ductile behaviour of the material (tough or brittle)] using type 1B tensile bars
- 7 Test speed: either 0.2"/min or 2"/min or [chosen as a function of the ductile behavior of the material (brittle or tough)] using Type 1 tensile bars
- 8 Test speed: 1 mm/min, using type 1B tensile bars
- 9 Test specimens: cylinders Ø 8 mm x 16 mm, test speed 1 mm/min
- 10 Test specimens: cylinders Ø 0.5" x 1", or square 0.5" x 1", test speed 0.05"/min
- 11 Test specimens: bars 4 mm (thickness) x 10 mm x 80 mm ; test speed: 2 mm/min ; span: 64 mm.
- 12 Test specimens: bars 0.25" (thickness) x 0.5" x 5" ; test speed: 0.11"/min ; span: 4"
- 13 Measured on 10 mm, 0.4" thick test specimens.
- 14 Electrode configuration: Ø 25 / Ø 75 mm coaxial cylinders ; in transformer oil according to IEC 60296 ; 1 mm thick test specimens.
- 15 Measured on discs Ø 50 mm x 3 mm.
- 16 Measured on 1/8" thick x 2" diameter or square
- 17 Test procedure similar to Test Method A: "Pin-on-disk" as described in ISO 7148-2, Load 3MPa, sliding velocity= 0,33 m/s, mating plate steel Ra= 0.7-0.9 µm, tested at 23°C, 50%RH.
- 18 Test using journal bearing system, 200 hrs, 118 ft/min, 42 PSI, steel shaft roughness 16±2 RMS micro inches with Hardness Brinell of 180-200
- 19 Test using Plastic Thrust Washer rotating against steel, 20 ft/min and 250 PSI, Stationary steel washer roughness 16±2 RMS micro inches with Rockwell C 20-24
- 20 Test using Plastic Thrust Washer rotating against steel, Step by step increase pressure, Test ends when plastic begins to deform or if temperature increases to 300°F.

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